

In this unit, you should:

- Compare Gospel stories and compare your ideas with ways in which Christians interpret these texts.
- Make clear connections between the Christian concept of the resurrection and what Christians believe about hope and life after death, and how they show this in their church communities.
- Show how Christian belief in resurrection and life after death make a difference in their lives.
- Weigh up how far biblical teachings and beliefs about life after death might make a difference to people in the world today, developing responses and insights of their own.

Key vocabulary:

- Incarnate:** to take on a human form
- Salvation:** the saving of a person from sin or evil
- Sacrifice:** to offer or kill as a religious act. To give up (something) especially for the sake of something or someone else
- Holy Communion:** the service of Christian worship at which bread and wine are consecrated and shared.
- Restoration:** the action of returning something to a former owner, place, or condition.
- The Gospels:** the teachings of Jesus Christ and the apostles in the books of Matthew, Mark, Luke and John in the New Testament of the bible.
- Crucifixion:** An ancient act of killing a person by nailing them to a cross.
- Resurrection:** the rising of Christ from the dead.
- Eucharist:** the Christian service, ceremony, or sacrament commemorating the Last Supper, in which bread and wine are consecrated and consumed.
- Mass:** the celebration of the Christian Eucharist, especially in the Roman Catholic Church.

Key content:

- Christians read the ‘big story’ of the Bible as pointing out the need for God to save people.
- This salvation includes the ongoing restoration of humans’ relationship with God.
- The Gospels give accounts of Jesus’ death and resurrection.
- Belief in Jesus’ resurrection confirms to Christians that Jesus is the incarnate Son of God, but also that death is not the end.
- This belief gives Christians hope for life with God, starting now and continuing in a new life (heaven).



KEY QUESTIONS:

- Why do Christians think Jesus was resurrected?
- What evidence is there that Jesus was resurrected?
- Where does the Crucifixion & Resurrection of Christ fit into the ‘Big Story’ of Christianity?
- What Christian concept do you think a piece of art represents?

Links:

- EYFS:** Why do Christians put a cross in an Easter garden?
- Yr 1&2** - Why does Easter matter to Christians?
- Yr 3** - LKS2 CORE LEARNING – Why do Christians call the day Jesus dies, Good Friday?
- Yr 4** – LKS2 DIGGING DEEPER: Why do Christians remember the events of Holy Week every year?
- Yr 5** - UKS2 CORE LEARNING: What do Christians believe that Jesus did to save human beings?