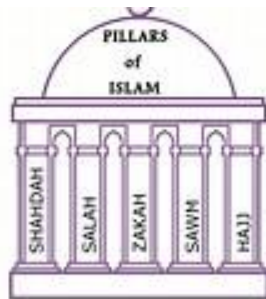
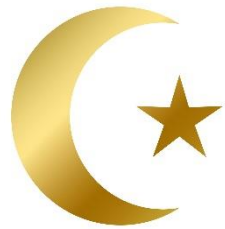


In this unit, you should:

- Appreciate similarities and differences between Islam and Christianity
- Learn about the importance of Allah
- Understand the significance of the Qu’ran
- Make links between what the Holy Qu’ran says and how Muslims behave.
- Understand the 5 pillars of Islam
- Understand the importance of Zakat
- Look at the role of the mosque
- Look at what Muslims celebrate at Eid-ul-Fitr



Links:

Yr 1 - Islam

Y4 HT6 – Islam – How and why do people show discipline?

Comparisons to Christianity throughout KS2

Key vocabulary:

- Prophet:** a person who is believed to have been chosen by God to say the things God wants to say.
- Islam:** the monotheistic religious system of Muslims
- Muslim:** a believer in or follower of Islam
- Muhammad:** the Arab prophet who, according to Islam, was the last messenger of Allah (570-632)
- Revelation:** a sign or explanation from God.
- Quran:** the sacred writings of Islam revealed by God to the prophet Muhammad during his life at Mecca
- Makkah:** Mecca – the most holy place in Islam.
- Mosque:** a Muslim place of worship that usually has a minaret
- Minaret:** a tall thin tower which is part of a mosque.
- Minbar:** where the imam delivers sermons.
- Muezzin:** the Muslim official of a mosque who summons the faithful to prayer from a minaret five times a day
- Imam:** a Muslim religious leader.
- hajj:** a pilgrimage to Mecca that is a religious duty for Muslims
- Zakat:** the compulsory giving of 2.5% of one’s wealth to charity each year
- Hijrah:** the flight of Muhammad from Mecca to Medina in 622 which marked the beginning of the Muslim era; the Muslim calendar begins in that year
- Caliph:** the civil and religious leader of a Muslim state

Key content:

- People who practise the religion of Islam are called Muslims.
- Muslims believe that there is only one God, called Allah.
- Muslims believe that Allah sent many prophets to Earth to give his message. A prophet is someone who speaks for God on Earth. For Muslims, a man called Muhammad was the final prophet of Allah. He was responsible for starting the faith of Islam and is referred to as the Messenger of God or the Prophet.
- Muhammad was born in Makkah (also known as Mecca), which is now in modern-day Saudi Arabia, in A.D. 570. Muhammad is so highly regarded by Muslims that they say "Peace be upon him" (pbuh) whenever they say or write his name.
- The Qur’an is the holy book of Muslims.
- The Qur’an is written in Arabic and Muslims always try to read and recite it in this language.
- The mosque is the building where Muslims go to worship.
- During the month of Ramadan, Muslims won’t eat or drink during the hours of daylight. This is called fasting.
- Ramadan remembers the month the Qur’an (the Muslim holy book) was first revealed to the Prophet Muhammad. The actual night that the Qur’an was revealed is a night known as Lailat ul-Qadr (‘The Night of Power’).
- Although their faiths are different, Christians, Jews and Muslims share many of the stories and traditions that are told in the Old Testament of the Bible. Muslims believe Jesus was a prophet.
- All Muslims are expected to be charitable (generous and kind) Zakah is a duty performed regularly, this is not charity. Zakah means to purify or cleanse

